

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	VERSAFLOW 45/AL ADTECH
Other means of identification	
Brand Code	2827, 412B, 793B
Recommended use	For Industrial Use Only
Recommended restrictions	Avoid dry cutting, blasting, or dust generation. Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information Manufacturer

Company name	HarbisonWalker International	
Address	1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100	
	Moon Township, Pennsy	Ivania 15108 US
Telephone	General Phone:	412-375-6600
Website	www.thinkHWI.com	
Emergency phone number	Not available.	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Claural word	Denger
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store in a manner to minimize airborne dust.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Overexposure to the respirable dust of crystalline silica (quartz or cristobalite, less than or equal to 5 microns in size) may lead to silicosis in humans, which is a progressive and irreversible lung disease. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Mullite		1302-93-8	50 - 70
Cristobalite		14464-46-1	10 - 25
Amorphous Silica	Fumed Silica Silica, crystalline free	7631-86-9	2.5 - 10
Cement, Alumina, Chemical	S	65997-16-2	2.5 - 10
Fumes, Silica		69012-64-2	2.5 - 10
Kaolin		1332-58-7	0.1 - 2.5
Quartz (SiO2)		14808-60-7	0.1 - 2.5
Other components below reportable levels			2.5 - 10

Crystalline silica may be present at low concentrations; most of this is encapsulated in the coarse aggregate or as part of the clays or sands.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	(29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 C Components	FR 1910.1000) Type	Value	Form
Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable.
		1.2 mppcf	Respirable.
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Lim Components	nit Values Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Mullite (CAS 1302-93-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide Components	to Chemical Hazards Type	Value	Form
Amorphous Silica (CAS	TWA	6 mg/m3	
7631-86-9) Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ing	gredient(s).	
osure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (tota	I and respirable) and re	espirable crystalline silica

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.	
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).	
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.	
Other	Use of an impervious apron is recommended.	
Respiratory protection	Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Chlorine. Fluorine. Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may not be specific to industrial application exposure.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.		
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
Information on toxicological effe	cts		
Acute toxicity	Not known.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization			
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk" (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.		

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1	910.1001-1052)	
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	Cancer	
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer	
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on C	Carcinogens	
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	

	`	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to	o cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Developmental effects Quartz (SiO2)		0
Developmental effects - Quartz (SiO2)	EU category	0
Embryotoxicity Quartz (SiO2) Reproductivity		0
Quartz (SiO2)		0
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs thr	ough prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs three harmful. Prolonged exposure in the second	ough prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be may cause chronic effects.
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified a	s environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

	possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according toNot applicable.Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 andthe IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA chemical substance inventory where required.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency relea	ase notification		
Not regulated.			
OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances (29 CFF	R 1910.1001-1052)	
Cristobalite (CAS 14464 Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 148 Cristobalite (CAS 14464 Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 148 Cristobalite (CAS 14464 Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 148 Cristobalite (CAS 14464 Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 148	08-60-7) -46-1) 08-60-7) -46-1) 08-60-7) -46-1)	Cancer Cancer lung effects lung effects immune system effects immune system effects kidney effects kidney effects	
Superfund Amendments and R	eauthorization Act of 1	986 (SARA)	
SARA 302 Extremely hazar		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes		
Classified hazard categories	Carcinogenicity Specific target organ	toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.			
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	n 112 Hazardoue Air D	ollutants (HAPs) List	
Not regulated.		Jiulanis (HAFS) List	
	n 112(r) Accidental Rel	ease Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
US state regulations			
California Proposition 65			
w w		you to chemicals including Quartz (SiO2): Quan te of California to cause cancer. For more infor gov.	
California Proposition	65 - CRT: Listed date/0	Carcinogenic substance	
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS		Listed: October 1, 1988	
Titanium Dioxide (C	AS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011 er Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Co	ode Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3,
Cristobalite (CAS 14 Quartz (SiO2) (CAS			
International Inventories	,		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no
Australia	-	of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Y
Canada	Domestic Substances		Y
Canada	Non-Domestic Substa		N
China		Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Ye
Europe		f Existing Commercial Chemical	N
Europe	European List of Noti	fied Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	Ν
Japan	Inventory of Existing	and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Ν
Korea	Existing Chemicals Li		Ye
New Zealand	New Zealand Invento		Ye
		•	
Philippines	Philippine Inventory c (PICCS)	f Chemicals and Chemical Substances	١

Inventory name

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-12-2015
Revision date	09-14-2020
Version #	02
Disclaimer	HarbisonWalker International cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.